



OGEE gutter

A distinctive finish for any roof

Finish your roof with the distinctive style of the LYSAGHT OGEE gutter.

The OGEE gutter is compatible with the NOVALINE® fascia system, and with a wide range of accessories and downpipes.

All OGEE gutters are made from long lengths of high-tensile ZINCALUME® steel, which means they are strong and made to last. ZINCALUME® steel gutters last up to four times longer than galvanised gutters; are light, and easily installed.

They are available in a range of COLORBOND® steel colours to match or contrast with your roof. They are compatible with steel and tile roofs.

OGEE gutters are one of the most popular profiles, so there is a complete range of accessories to choose from.

Some profile dimensions may vary slightly from state to state.

When you specify LYSAGHT products you have the added advantage of dealing with a company whose expertise and experience with steel stretches back for 150 years. A company with a reputation for consistently producing top quality products at competitive prices.

Our products are backed by a performance warranty for up to 12 years.

NOT AVAILABLE IN QUEENSLAND



Rainwater Products



Structural Products



Fencing Products



Home Improvements



Roofing & Walling Products

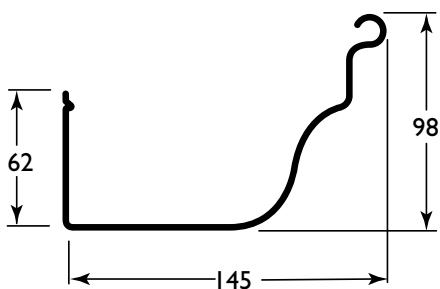


House Framing Products



Customer Support

LYSAGHT OGEE accessories



OGEE gutter (NSW, SA, Vic., WA)

Effective cross sectional area 5242 mm²
(*Area calculated in accordance with
AS/NZS 2179.1-1994)

- Designed to be compatible with NOVALINE® fascia system for a complete and distinctive roof finish.
- Made from long lengths of high-tensile ZINCALUME® steel, so they are strong and made to last.
- Available in a range of COLORBOND® steel colours to match or contrast your roof.
- They are compatible with both steel and tile roofs.
- ZINCALUME® steel gutters last up to four times longer than galvanised gutters.
- Available with a range of accessories.

Fall

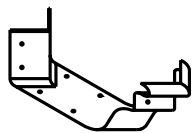
Install gutters with a generous fall to avoid ponding (which reduces gutter life), but the fall should not be so steep as to be obvious to the casual observer. Fall on house guttering is often about 1:250 (12 mm in 3000 mm), though a steeper fall of 30:3000 should give the gutter a longer life.

Disclaimer, warranties and limitation of liability

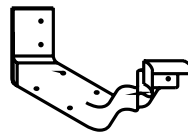
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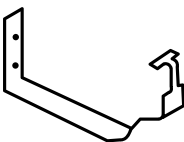
External corner: Diecast
90° & 45° diecast
COLORBOND & unpainted



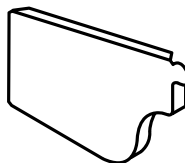
Internal corner: Diecast
90° & 45° diecast
COLORBOND & unpainted



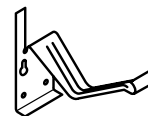
OG overstrap



OG external bracket



Stop end: LH or RH



OG internal GP

Downpipe design

The downpipe size and spacing should be determined in accordance with AS/NZ 3500.3.2:1998 National plumbing and drainage: Part 3.2: Stormwater drainage—Acceptable solutions.

Adverse conditions

If these products are to be used in marine, severe industrial, or unusually corrosive environments, ask for advice from our information line.

Metal & timber compatibility

Lead, copper, bare steel and green or some chemically-treated timber are not compatible with this product; thus don't allow any contact of the product with those materials, nor discharge of rainwater from them onto the product. If there are doubts about the compatibility of other products being used, ask for advice from our information line.

Sealed joints

For sealed joints use screws or rivets and neutral-cure silicone sealant branded as suitable for use with galvanised or COLORBOND/ZINCALUME® steel.

Maintenance

Areas not cleaned by natural rainfall should be washed down every six months.

Clean up

Remove all plastic cover strips from product and dispose of correctly. Sweep all metallic swarf and other debris from roof areas and gutters at the end of each day and at the completion of the installation. Failure to do so can lead to surface staining when the metal particles rust.

Product Samples



Product Literature



Warranties



Technical Support



Online Information



Information, brochures and your local distributor **1800 641 417**

Please check the latest information which is always available at www.lysaght.com

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Water Overflow & Residential Gutters

Notes on the effective Design, Detailing , Installation and Maintenance of Residential Roof Drainage Systems

Under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and its Regulations, all building work must be carried out in accordance with the Building Code of Australia (BCA). In addition to referring to Australian Standards AS/NZS 3500.3 (2003), and AS/NZS 3500.5 (2000), the BCA also contains requirements for the disposal of surface water in Volume One, in Performance Requirements FP1.2 and FP 1.3, and in Volume Two, in Part 3.5.2, namely, Performance Requirement P2.2.1 and Clauses 3.5.2.1 and 3.5.2.4.

The most common means to satisfy these requirements for roof drainage (ie. guttering) installations is via compliance with the National Plumbing and Drainage Code AS/NZS 3500.3 - 2003.

Furthermore, in each state and territory it is necessary to satisfy the relevant regulation. For example, the NSW Code of Practice for Plumbing and Drainage (2006) adopts AS/NZS 3500.3-2003 and associated amendments. (Further information is available at www.deus.nsw.gov.au/water/plumbing.asp)

In the design and detailing of a roof drainage system consideration must be given to a range of the factors such as rainfall intensity, roof catchment area, gutter size/capacity, gutter fall, gutter outlets (sumps, rain-heads, nozzles), downpipe size, quantity and placement, overflow consideration, material selection, jointing, etc.

For residential roof drainage systems high fronted gutters are a popular aesthetic choice to hide the lower edge of tiles or roof cladding. Some simple overflow methods that can be employed on high fronted gutters are listed below;

- A) Methods related to the design and installation of roof drainage systems ;
- Slotted front of gutter - a simple and popular choice which allows for water overflow through the slots visible on the front face of the gutter.
 - Specifically located overflows as permitted in the BCA ie;
 - Inverted downpipe drop/pop at high points in the gutter but set at a level below the fascia top.
 - Stop ends cut down to a lower level to act as a weir. Stop ends weirs could be hidden at the high

point of the gutter and designed as part of an expansion joint.

- Rain-heads with overflow weir
- Holes, slot, or weir at downpipes
- Gap between the fascia and the gutter back – a packer is inserted between the gutter back and the fascia

or any of a number of other proprietary systems and trade solutions.

B) Methods related to alternative building designs methods;

- Unlined eaves - eliminates the issue where the house design suits.
- Gutter installed such that the gutter front is fully below the top of the fascia.
- Design for a higher rainfall intensity, as used for internal box gutters.
- Back flashing - where gutter support brackets allow back flashing installation (eg external brackets).

The detailing and sizing of the selected overflow method/s is normally completed by the designer/installer, but must be adequate for the situation and must meet the relevant performance requirement of the BCA and Australian Standards.

While there may be some variations from state to state, contractors who install guttering systems are generally required to hold an appropriate licence. In NSW, for example, a licence in the category of Builder, Plumber or Roof Plumber issued by the Office of Fair Trading is required and it is an offence to undertake this work without an appropriate licence. The work is required to comply with the appropriate codes and standards. Statutory warranties normally apply and consumers have a right to lodge a complaint and have it dealt with by the appropriate authority. In NSW, for example, the statutory warranty is 7 years under the Home Building Act.

Water Overflow & Residential Gutters

In the installation of the roof drainage system, particular focus should be given to the following;

- Attention to the use of compatible materials for drainage system components, leaf-guard type system components and compatible fasteners/sealants to connect and seal the components
- The position of the gutter in relation to the fascia
- Installation of the specified gutter and downpipes, ensuring that downpipes are installed in the correct locations and numbers.
- Gutter fall, ensuring sufficient fall and that it is in the direction of the downpipes.
- Overflow has been considered and specific details are installed where required (such as when the gutter front is higher than the top of the fascia).
- During the installation all debris and loose waste materials (swarf, fasteners, etc) must be cleaned off at the end of each day and at the completion of the installation to prevent blockages of the drainage system or deterioration of the individual components. Any protective films should also be removed as part of the installation process.

In the longer term, the ability of a roof drainage system to handle overflow will also depend on the regular cleaning of the system. For example the removal of plant or animal matter (leaves, fungal growth, dropping, nests, etc.) and debris from gutters, leaf-guard type systems and the gutter overflow devices to ensure free drainage of water.

To ensure a long life the roof drainage system the maintenance requirements of the roof drainage system should be forwarded to the occupier/owner of the building and should be fulfilled. Adequate maintenance is a requirement of rainwater good warranties.

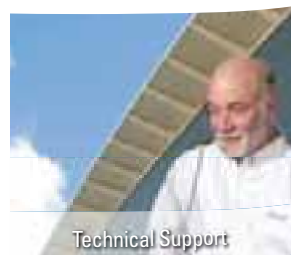
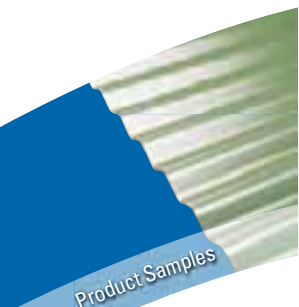
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